

SRF LIMITED

Issue: 02 Rev: 01 Revision Date: 01.09.2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Perchloroethylene

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND COMPANY

1.1 Product Name : Perchloroethylene

Trade Names / Synonyms: Ethylene Tetrachloride; Tetrachloroethene;

Tetrachloroethylene; Carbon Bichloride;

Carbon Dichloride

CAS Number : 127-18-4

1.2 Manufacturer/supplier : SRF Limited, D-2/1 GIDC Phase-II, PCPIR,

Dahej, Tal. Vagra, Dist. Bharuch 392 130,

Gujarat (India)

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1.3 Emergency Call

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SDS Contact : Sharma Anil +91-9687694067

Kumar

Relevant Identified Uses of The Substance or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

Identified Uses: : Commonly used as solvent and

cleaning/washing agent.

Uses advised against: : Do not use product for anything outside of the

above specified uses

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3



GHS leble element Hazard Pictogram:



Single word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautinary Statement(s):

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P391	Collect spillage
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep
	at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P-501	Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION & INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Common na synonyms	ame and	Formu la	CAS No.	Concentration % (w/w)
PERCHLOROETHYLENE	Ethylene T Tetrachloroethen Bichloride; Carbo		C ₂ Cl ₄	127-18-4	>= 99.9 - <= 100

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SECTION 3: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

> position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with

water before removing it, or wear

gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, Eye contact

occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get

medical attention.

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Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms And Effects, Both Acute And Delayed: Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazardsInhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Ingestion

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness	
Inhalation	No specific data	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
	. , ,
Specific treatments	:No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that
	fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or Self-contained breathing
	apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
	Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water
	before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURE

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General Fire Hazards

Heat may cause the containers to explode.

5.1 **Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing** Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

media:

Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.

If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it

can be done without risk.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, hydrogen chloride gas are expected to be the primary hazardous products.

Hazardous Combustion Products:

If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: carbon monoxide; Carbonyl difluoride; Hydrogen chloride.

Advice for firefighters Special fire fighting procedures:

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguisher to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield,

Gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces,

SCBA.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

6.2 **Environmental Precautions** Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Keep disposal containers closed when finished.

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6.4 Reference to other sections : Refer to sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING & STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: : Only experienced and properly instructed

persons should handle containners. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and

safety practice.

Use proper personal protective equipment when handling material to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Do not inhale vapor or

mist.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities:

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers .Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Handle under inert

gas. Light sensitive.

7.3 Storage temperature : Protect from sunlight. Store in a cool and well-

ventilated place.

7.4 Storage period : No data available

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION CONTROL PARAMETERS

8.1 Control parameters, e.g., occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Source	Value	Note
Perchloroethylene	US (OSHA)	(Vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 170 mg/m3 Ceiling: 200 ppm TWA: 100 ppm	OSHA Occupational Exposure Limits (Table Z2)
Perchloroethylene	NIOSH IDLH	150 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants.
Perchloroethylene	US (ACGIH)	TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 100 ppm	ACGIH Hreshold Exposure Limit Values
Perchloroethylene	Mexico OEL (TWA)	TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 100 ppm	

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls : Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

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Eye protection

Product Name- Perchloroethylene Revision Date: 01.09.2020

Respiratory protection: Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts

are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. For higher level protection use type OV/AG/P99 (US) or type ABEK-P2 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as

NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection : Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected

prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good

laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

shield where splashing is possible. Use equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face

facilities in work area.

Protective Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after

handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process

equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Clear colorless liquid

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Colourless

Odor : Characteristic, sweet

Molecular Weight : 165.83 g/mol

pH (15 aqueous solution) : Specific data not available

Melting point/freezing point : -22 °C / -7.6 °F

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Initial boiling point and boiling range : 121 °C (250 °F)

Evaporation Rate : 6.0 (Ether = 1.0)

Flash point : Specific data not available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Viscocity : 0.89 mPa s at 20 °C

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water : No data available

Vapour pressure : 18 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapour density : No information available

Reletive density : 1.619

Specific Gravity : 1.625

Flammability Range : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No information available

Decomposition temperature : Specific data not available

Water solubility : 0.15 g/L water (20°C)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water(ies) : No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY & REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity : None known, based on information available

10.2 **Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage conditions

10.3 **Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use,

hazardous reactions will not occur

10.4 Conditions to avoid: : Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure

to light. Exposure to moist air or water

10.5 **Incompatible materials:** : Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong

bases, Metals, Zinc, Amines, Aluminium

10.6 **Hazardous decomposition products:** : Decomposition products are hazardous., This

material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming Chlorine, Phosgene,

Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Actuate Toxixity

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LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Oral	2629 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal	27.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Sensitization	Not available
Mutagenicity	Not available
Reproductive toxicity	Not available
Teratogenicity	Not available
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Central nervous system (CNS)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Kidney Liver Blood
Aspiration hazard	Not available
Carcinogenicity	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Carcinogenicity table						
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Perchloroethylene	127-18-4	2A	Reasonably Anticipated	A3	Х	A3
Tetrachloroethylene						

IARC (International	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Agency for Research	Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
on Cancer)	Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
	Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

NTP (National Toxicity	NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Program)	Known - Known Carcinogen
	Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human
	Carcinogen

	A1 - Known Human Carcinogen			
Conference of	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen			
Governmental	A3 - Animal Carcinogen			
Industrial Hygienists)	ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)			

Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens
A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen

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Mexico - Occupational	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen
Carcinogens	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
	A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation

: Not known significant effects or critical hazards Inhalation

: Causes skin irritation. Skin contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:,

irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation : Not known significant effects or critical hazards Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the folk

irritation, redness

: No specific data. Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effect :Not available Potential delayed effects :Not available

Long term exposure

:Not available Potential immediate effect Potential delayed effects :Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Not available

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on

duration and level of exposure.

: Suspected of causing genetic defects. Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1- Toxicity

Product /ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	EC50: > 500 mg/L	Freshwater Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	96 hours
	LC50: 4.73 - 5.27 mg	Freshwater Fish-Oncorhynchus mykiss)	96 h Flow through
	LC50: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L	Freshwater Fish Lepomis macrochirus	96 h Static
	LC50: 8.6 - 13.5 mg/L,	Freshwater Fish Pimephales promelas)	96 h Static
	LC50: 12.4 - 14.4 mg/L	Freshwater Fish Pimephales promelas)	96 h Flow throogh
	EC50 = 100 mg/L	Microtox	24 hours
	EC50 = 112 mg/L	Microtox	24 hours
	EC50 = 120.0 mg/L	Microtox	30 Minutes
	EC50: 6.1 - 9.0 mg/L	Water Flea (Daphnia magna)	48 h Static

12.2-Persistance and degradability

Persistence and degradability	Insoluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on
	information available.

12.3-Bioaccumulative potential

BCF fish	49
Log Pow	2.88
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Low

12.4-Mobility in Soil

Mobility in soil	Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.
Ecology - soil	Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility

12.5-Other adverse effect

No known significant effects or critical hazards

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Product : Chemical waste generators must determine

whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure

complete and accurate classification

Contaminated packaging : Evaporate or incinerate residue at an approved

site. Return empty containers to supplier.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ITEM	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1897	1897	1897
Proper shipping name	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	TETRACHLOROET HYLENE	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
Transport hazard class(es)/ Labelling Number	POISON 6	6	6
	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packaging Group	III '	III	III
Environmental hazards	No	No	No

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available

Special transport precautions

:Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Tetrachloroethylene (127-18-4) is found on the following regulatory list

15.1 US Federal regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	>95	0.1

	SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	See section 2 for more information
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CWA ((Clean	Water	Act)
CIIA	Cicaii	vvalei	700

Component	CWA - Hazardous	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
	Substances	4		
Tetrachloroethylen	-	-	X	Χ
е				

Clean Air Act

<u> </u>			
Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Tetrachloroethylene	X	-	-

OSHA

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health	Not applicable
Administration	
CERCLA	This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

U.S. Department of Homeland Security	This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.
California Proposition 65	This product contains the following Proposition 65
	chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Tetrachloroethylen	127-18-4	Carcinogen	14 µg/day	Carcinogen
е				

U.S Massachusetts – Right to Know U.S New Jersey - Right to Know
U.S New York - Right to Know U.S Pennsylvania - Right to Know

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ)	Υ
DOT Marine Pollutant	Υ
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	N

15.2 International regulations

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	204-825-9
Japan - ENCS	Υ
China	Υ
Taiwan	Υ
Korea - KECI	KE-33294

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New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines	Υ
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts – Right to Know U.S New Jersey - Right to Know U.S New York - Right to Know U.S Pennsylvania - Right to Know

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. SRF Limited-Chemical business shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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