

SRF LIMITED

Issue: 02 Rev: 01 Revision Date: 01.09.2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

METHYLENE CHLORIDE

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND COMPANY

1.1 Product Name : Methylene Chloride

Trade Names / Synonyms : MC; Dichloromethane (DCM); Methylene

dichloride; Methylene bichloride; Methane

dichloride

CAS Number : 75-09-2

1.2 Manufacturer/supplier : SRF Limited, D-2/1 GIDC Phase-II, PCPIR,

Dahej, Tal. Vagra, Dist. Bharuch 392 130,

Gujarat (India)

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1.3 Emergency Call

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SDS Contact : Sharma Anil +91-9687694067

Kumar

Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance Or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

Identified Uses: : Commonly used as solvent

Uses advised against: : Do not use product for anything outside of the

above specified uses

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 A
	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3
	{Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS)}
	Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)-Category 2
	(Target Organs - Liver, Kidney, Blood)



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GHS leble element



Single word: Warning

Hazard Statement(s):

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautinary Statement(s):

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264	Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P391	Collect spillage
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION & INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	Formula	CAS No.	Concentration % (w/w)
Methylene chloride	C; Dichloromethane (DCM); Methylene dichloride; Methylene bichloride; Methane dichloride	CH2Cl2	75-09-2	>= 99.9 - <= 100

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SECTION 3: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. **Symptoms** include mav mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

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In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water,

occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if

> any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels

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sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed: Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness
Inhalation	No specific data
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products
	in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or Self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURE

General Fire Hazards Heat may cause the containers to explode.

5.1 **Extinguishing media Suitable** Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

extinguishing media:

Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.

If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it

can be done without risk.

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of

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ignition

Hazardous Combustion Products:

If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition, Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Hydrogen chloride gas Phosgene

Advice for firefighters Special fire fighting

procedures:

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguisher to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely

due to the risk of explosion.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat,

helmet with face shield.

Gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces,

SCBA.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is

proved to be safe.

Environmental Precautions 6.2 Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do

so. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and

cleaning up

Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Keep disposal containers closed when finished.

6.4 Reference to other sections Refer to sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING & STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: : Only experienced and properly instructed

persons should handle containners. Handle in

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accordance with good industrial hygiene and

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safety practice.

Use proper personal protective equipment when handling material to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Do not inhale vapor or

mist.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any :

incompatibilities:

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Do not

store inaluminum containers.

7.3 Storage temperature : Protect from sunlight. Store in a cool and well-

ventilated place.

7.4 Storage period : No data available

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION CONTROL PARAMETERS

8.1 Control parameters, e.g., occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Source	Value	Note
Methylene chloride	US (OSHA)	(Vacated) TWA: 500 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 2000 ppm Ceiling: 1000 ppm TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 125 ppm	OSHA Occupational Exposure Limits (Table Z2)
Methylene chloride	NIOSH IDLH	IDLH: 2300 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants.
Methylene chloride	US (ACGIH)	TWA: 50 ppm	ACGIH Hreshold Exposure Limit Values
Methylene chloride	Mexico OEL	TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 100 ppm	

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls : Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in

29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European

Standard EN 149 approved respirator if

exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced.

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Hand protection : Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected

prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory

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practices. Wash and dry hands.

Eye/Faceprotection : Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or

chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166

Protective Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after

handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location

Environmental exposure controls: : Emissions from ventilation or work process

equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Clear colorless liquid

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Colourless

Odor : Chloroform-like odour, sweet

Molecular Weight : 84.93 g/mol

pH (15 aqueous solution) : Specific data not available

Melting point/freezing point : -97 °C / -142.6 °F

Initial boiling point and boiling range : 39 °C (102.2 °F)

Evaporation Rate : 27.5 (Ether = 1.0)

Flash point : Specific data not available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Viscocity : 0.42 mPas @ 25°C

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Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water : No data available

Vapour pressure : 350 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapour density : 2.93 (Air = 1.0)

Reletive density : 1.619

Specific Gravity: 1.33

Flammability Range : UEL=23 Vol % & LEL=13 Vol%%

Auto-ignition temperature : 556 °C / 1032.8 °F

Decomposition temperature : Specific data not available

Water solubility : 1.32 gm/100 gm water @ 20°C

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water(ies) : No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY & REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity : None known, based on information available

10.2 **Chemical stability** : Stable under ordinary conditions of use and

storage.

10.3 **Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use,

hazardous reactions will not occur

10.4 **Conditions to avoid** : The product is not flammable in air under

ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. When pressurised with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable or reactive under certain

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conditions.

10.5 **Incompatible materials** : Strong oxidizers, strong caustics, plastics,

rubber, nitric acid, water + heat, and chemically active metals, such as aluminium and magnesium powder, sodium, potassium, and lithium. Avoid contact with open flames and electrical arcs. Liquid methylene chloride will attack some forms of plastics, rubber, and

coatings

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Emits highly toxic fumes of phosgene when

heated to decomposition. Decomposes in a flame or hot surface to form toxic gas phosgene and corrosive mists of hydrochloric acid. Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when

heated to decomposition

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

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Actuate Toxixity

LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	53 mg/L (Rat) 6 h 76000 mg/m3 (Rat) 4 h
LD50 Oral	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)

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Sensitization	No information available
Mutagenicity	Mutagenic effects have occurred in microorganisms
Reproductive toxicity	No information available
Teratogenicity	No information available
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Central nervous system (CNS)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Kidney Liver Blood
Aspiration hazard	Not available
Carcinogenicity	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Carcinogenicity table						
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	2A	Reasonably Anticipated	A3	Х	A3

IARC (International	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Agency for Research	Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans
on Cancer)	Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans
	Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

NTP (National Toxicity	NTP: (National Toxicity Program)
Program)	Known - Known Carcinogen
	Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human
	Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American	A1 - Known Human Carcinogen
Conference of	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
Governmental	A3 - Animal Carcinogen
Industrial	ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
Hygienists)	

Mexico - Occupational	Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens
Exposure Limits -	A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen
Carcinogens	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

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A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen
A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation

: Not known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:,

pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation : Not known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:,

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irritation, redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effect :Not available Potential delayed effects :Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effect :Not available Potential delayed effects :Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Not available

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. General Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on

duration and level of exposure.

: Suspected of causing genetic defects. Mutagenicity

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed : Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may

> cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1- Toxicity

Product /ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methylene chloride	EC50: > 660 mg/L	Freshwater Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	96 hours
	LC50:193 mg/L	Freshwater Fish- Pimephales promelas	96 h Flow through
	EC50: 1 mg/L	Microtox	24 hours
	EC50 : 2.88 mg/L	Microtox	15 Minutes
	EC50:140 mg/L	Water Flea (Daphnia magna)	48 h Static

12.2-Persistance and degradability

Persistence and degradability	Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

12.3-Bioaccumulative potential

BCF fish	No information available
Log Pow	1.25
Log Kow	Not applicable
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available

12.4-Mobility in Soil

Mobility in soil	Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.
Ecology - soil	Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility

12.5-Other adverse effect

No known significant effects or critical hazards

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Product : Chemical waste generators must determine

whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure

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complete and accurate classification

Contaminated packaging : Evaporate or incinerate residue at an approved

site.Return empty containers to supplier.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ITEM	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1513	1513	1513
Proper shipping	DICHLOROMETHANE	DICHLOROMETHANE	DICHLOROMETHANE
name			
Transport hazard class(es)/ Labelling Number	POISON 6	6	6
	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packaging Group	III.	III	III
Environmental	No	No	No
hazards			

Additional information

Other information Special transport precautions

- : No supplementary information available
- : Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the produck now what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Methylene chloride (75-09-2)is found on the following regulatory list

15.1 US Federal regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	>99.5	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information	SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	See section 2 for more information
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CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Methylene chloride	-	-	X	X

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Methylene chloride	X	-	-

OSHA

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OSHA - Occupati	onal Safety and Health Administrati	on
Component	Specifically Regulated Chemicals	Highly Hazardous Chemicals
Methylene chloride	125 ppm STEL 12.5 ppm Action Level 25 ppm TWA	-
CERCLA	This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA)	

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Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Methylene chloride	1000 lb 1 lb	-

U.S. Department of Homeland Security	This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.
California Proposition 65	This product contains the following Proposition 65
	chemicals.

Component	CAS-No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Carcinogen	200 µg/day	Carcinogen
			50 μg/day	

State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts – Right to Know U.S New Jersey - Right to Know U.S New York - Right to Know U.S Pennsylvania - Right to Know
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U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ)	Υ
DOT Marine Pollutant	N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	N

15.2 International regulations

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS	200-839-9
Japan - ENCS	Υ
China	Υ
Taiwan	Υ
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines	Υ
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts – Right to Know U.S New Jersey - Right to Know U.S New York - Right to Know U.S Pennsylvania - Right to Know

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. SRF Limited-Chemical business shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product

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